



# Technical Data Sheet

# FARMHOUSE

## HYBRID SAISON-STYLE YEAST

LalBrew Farmhouse™ is a non-diastatic hybrid that has been selected to make saison-style and farmhouse style beers. This product is the result of the research and development work of Renaissance Yeast in Vancouver BC, Canada. LalBrew Farmhouse™ was selected using the most advanced breeding techniques. The Renaissance research team used classical and non-GMO methods to remove the STA1 gene, responsible for the diastatic activity of Saison yeasts. Care was taken to retain normal brewing sugar utilization to produce dry saisons. Additionally, the patented technology from University of California Davis (USA) ensures that the strain will not produce sulfurous off-flavors, therefore enhancing the saison yeast aroma characteristics.



## MICROBIOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Classified as *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, a top fermenting yeast.

Typical Analysis of LalBrew Farmhouse™ yeast:

- Percent solids** 93% - 96%
- Viability** ≥ 5 x 10<sup>9</sup> CFU per gram of dry yeast
- Wild Yeast** < 1 per 10<sup>6</sup> yeast cells
- Diastaticus** Undetectable
- Bacteria** < 1 per 10<sup>6</sup> yeast cells

Finished product is released to the market only after passing a rigorous series of tests

\*See specifications sheet for details



## BREWING PROPERTIES

In Lallemand's Standard Conditions Wort at 20°C (68°F) LalBrew Farmhouse™ yeast exhibits:

Vigorous fermentation that can be completed in 5 days.

High Attenuation and Low Flocculation.

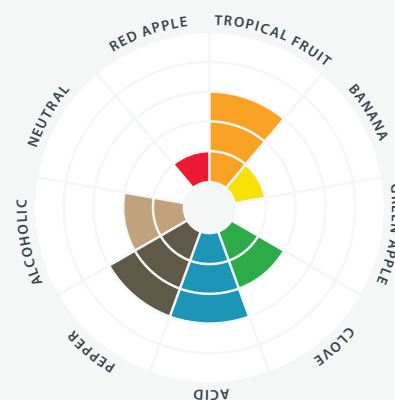
Note: Contrary to traditional saison strains, LalBrew Farmhouse™ lacks the presence of the STA-1 gene, therefore dextrins will not be metabolized and there is no risk of over attenuation and over carbonation after packaging.

Lag phase, total fermentation time, attenuation and flavor are dependent on pitch rate, yeast handling, fermentation temperature and nutritional quality of the wort.

*If you have questions please do not hesitate to contact us at [brewing@lallemand.com](mailto:brewing@lallemand.com)*



## FLAVOR & AROMA



## QUICK FACTS

### BEER STYLES

Farmhouse style ales

### AROMA

clove, pepper, fruit notes

### ATTENUATION

high

### FERMENTATION RANGE

20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)

### FLOCCULATION

low

### ALCOHOL TOLERANCE

13% ABV

### PITCHING RATE

50 - 100g/hL to achieve a minimum of 1 - 2 million cells/mL



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## USAGE

The pitch rate will affect the fermentation performance and flavor of the beer. For LalBrew Farmhouse™ yeast, a pitch rate of 50 – 100g per hL of wort is sufficient to achieve optimal results for most fermentations. More stressful fermentations such as high gravity, high adjunct or high acidity may require higher pitch rates and additional nutrients to ensure a healthy fermentation.

*Find your exact recommended pitching rate with our Pitch Rate Calculator in our Brewers Corner at [www.lallemandbrewing.com](http://www.lallemandbrewing.com)*

LalBrew Farmhouse™ may be re-pitched just as you would any other type of yeast according to your brewery's SOP for yeast handling. Wort aeration is required when re-pitching dry yeast.

*For more detail on our products and tips and tricks for farmhouse style beer production, make sure to check out our best practice documents in our Brewers Corner on [lallemandbrewing.com](http://lallemandbrewing.com)*



## STORAGE

LalBrew Farmhouse™ yeast should be stored in a vacuum sealed package in dry conditions below 4°C (39°F). LalBrew Farmhouse™ will rapidly lose activity after exposure to air.

Do not use 500g or 11g packs that have lost vacuum. Opened packs must be re-sealed, stored in dry conditions below 4°C (39°F), and used within 3 days. If the opened package is re-sealed under vacuum

immediately after opening, yeast can be stored below 4°C (39°F) until the indicated expiry date. Do not use yeast after expiry date printed on the pack.

Performance is guaranteed when stored correctly and before the expiry date. However, Lallemand dry brewing yeast is very robust and some strains can tolerate brief periods under sub-optimal conditions.

*If you have questions, do not hesitate to contact us. We have a team of technical representatives happy to help and guide you in your fermentation journey.*



## PITCHING

Rehydration and direct pitching of dry yeast into wort are both acceptable methods for inoculating fermentation. Rehydration of Lallemand Brewing yeast in sterile water prior to pitching into wort has been shown to reduce stress on the cell as it transitions from dry to liquid form. However, for most fermentations, this stress is not significant enough to affect fermentation performance and flavor, so good results will also be achieved when direct pitching dry yeast into wort. Use of a rehydration nutrient such as Go-Ferm Protect Evolution has been shown to improve fermentation performance for difficult fermentations. Measure the yeast by weight within the recommended pitch rate range.

Pitch rate calculators optimized for liquid yeast may result in significant overpitching. For assistance with pitching rates, visit our Pitch Rate Calculator optimized for LalBrew® Premium dry yeast strains.

*<https://www.lallemandbrewing.com/en/brewers-corner/brewing-tools/pitching-rate-calculator/>*

### REHYDRATION

Sprinkle the yeast on the surface of 10 times its weight in clean, sterilized water at 30-35°C (86-95°F) for ale yeasts and 25-30°C (77-86°F) for lager yeasts. Do not use wort, or distilled or reverse osmosis water, as loss in viability may result. Stir gently, leave undisturbed for 15 minutes, then stir to suspend yeast completely. Leave it to rest for 5 more minutes at 30-35°C (86-95°F) for ale yeasts and 25-30°C (77-86°F) for lager yeasts.

Without delay, adjust the temperature to that of the wort by mixing aliquots of wort with the rehydrated yeast. Wort should be added in 5 minute intervals and taking care not to lower the temperature by more than 10°C at a time. Temperature shock of >10°C will cause formation of petite mutants leading to extended or incomplete fermentation and possible formation of undesirable flavors. Do not allow attemperation to be carried out by natural heat loss. This will take too long and could result in loss of viability or vitality.

Inoculate without delay into cooled wort in the fermenter. Lallemand Brewing yeast has been conditioned to survive rehydration. The yeast contains an adequate reserve of carbohydrates and unsaturated fatty acids to achieve active growth. It is unnecessary to aerate wort upon first use.

### DIRECT PITCH (no rehydration)

Sprinkle the yeast evenly on the surface of the wort in the fermenter as it is being filled. The motion of the wort filling the fermenter will aid in mixing the yeast into the wort.

### CONTACT US

For more information, please visit us online at [www.lallemandbrewing.com](http://www.lallemandbrewing.com)

For any questions, you can also reach us via email at [brewing@lallemand.com](mailto:brewing@lallemand.com)